

# LAW ON HOLIDAYS OF THE SOCIALIST FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF YUGOSLAVIA

Official Gazette of the SFRY 6/1973.

## Article 1.

The holidays of the Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (hereafter the holidays of the SFRY) are New Year's Day, May Day - Labor Day, Ninth of May - Victory Day, Fourth of July - Fighter's Day and Twenty-Ninth of November - Republic Day.

## Article 2.

New Year is celebrated on 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> January, May Day - Labor Day on 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> May, and Twenty-Ninth of November - Republic Day on 29<sup>th</sup> and 30<sup>th</sup> November.

If one of the days referred to in paragraph 1 of this Article falls on a Sunday, the first working day following those two days shall also be considered a holiday.

Ninth of May - Victory Day and Fourth of July - Fighter's Day are celebrated only one day, on a public holiday.

## Article 3.

On holidays of the SFRY, except Ninth of May - Victory Day, administrative bodies, organizations of joint labor and other organizations do not work.

The federal executive council will determine which administrative bodies and organizations of joint work are obliged to work and to what extent on holidays of the SFRY.

## Article 4.

On the date of entry into force of this law, the following shall cease to be valid:

- 1) Law on National Holidays ("Official Gazette of the FNRJ", no. 18/55 and 42/59),
- 2) Law on Proclamation of the Fourth of July - Fighter's Day - as the Holiday of the Uprising of the People of Yugoslavia ("Official Gazette of the FNRJ", no. 27/56),
- 3) Law on Proclamation of the Ninth of May - Victory Day as a national holiday ("Official Gazette of the SFRY", no. 20/65 and 18/67).

## Article 5.

This law shall enter into force on the eighth day after its publication in the "Official Gazette of the SFRY".